

CLASSIFICATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

TEXTURE CONSTITUENTS TYPE	TEXTURAL FEATURES	COMPOSITION AND DIAGNOSTIC FEATURES	ROCK NAME
INORGANIC CLASTIC (DETRITAL)	Pebbles (> 2mm) imbedded in a matrix of sand	Angular rock/mineral pebbles	BRECCIA
	Pebbles (> 2mm) imbedded in a matrix of sand	Rounded rock/mineral pebbles	CONGLOMERATE
	Sand-sized grains (1/16-2mm)	Primarily feldspar	ARKOSE SANDSTONE
	Sand-sized grains (1/16-2mm)	Primarily quartz	QUARTZ SANDSTONE
	Sand-sized grains (1/16-2mm)	Mixed grains with clay, "Dirty Sandstone"	GRAYWACKE SANDSTONE
	Silt-sized grains (1/256-1/16mm)	Particles too small to be seen clearly, but feels "gritty"	SILTSTONE
	Clay-sized grains (<1/256 mm)	Fine clay minerals, with distinctive layers	SHALE
INORGANIC CHEMICAL PRECIPITATES (NON- CLASTIC)	Medium to coarse crystals	CaCO ₃ effervesces, distinct crystals	CRYSTALLINE LIMESTONE
	Dense crystals in banded layers	CaCO ₃ effervesces, distinct layers	TRAVERTINE
	Variety of crystal sizes	CaCO ₃ effervesces, many colors, may have fossils	LIMESTONE
	Porous/spongy	CaCO ₃ effervesces, low density, deposits from springs	TUFA
	Dense, crystals too fine to see (cryptocrystalline)	SiO ₂ , very hard, multiple colors (includes Jasper, Flint, Agate)	CHERT

TEXTURE CONSTITUENTS TYPE	TEXTURAL FEATURES	COMPOSITION AND DIAGNOSTIC FEATURES	ROCK NAME
BIOCLASTIC (ORGANIC DETRITAL)	Very fine grained, earthy	Microscopic CaCO ₃ protozoa shells, generally fairly soft	CHALK
	Calcite mud with abundant fossils	CaCO ₃ effervesces, fossils predominate	FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE
	Coarse fossil hash	Aggregate of shell fragments	COQUINA
	Very fine grained, earthy	Microscopic SiO ₂ diatom cases, generally fairly soft	DIATOMITE
	Fibrous, spongy, carbonaceous	Compacted plant material, recognizable plant pieces, soft, light to dark brown	PEAT
	Dense, carbonaceous	Compacted plant material, more dense than peat, brown to black	LIGNITE
	Dense, carbonaceous	Lithified plant remains, denser than lignite, smudges hands, black	BITUMINOUS COAL